INSTALLATION GUIDE



PELLET STOVE

SUITE-CLUB-MUSA Hydromatic 16/24 M1

PART 1 - REGULATIONS AND ASSEMBLY

Instructions in English





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INTRODUCTION

Dear Customer,

our products are designed and manufactured in compliance with European reference Standards for construction products (EN13240 wood-burning stoves, EN14785 pellet-burning appliances, EN13229 fireplaces/wood-burning inserts, EN 12815 wood-burning cookers), with high quality materials and extensive experience in the transformation processes. The products also meet the essential requirements of Directive 2006/95/EC (Low Voltage) and Directive 2004/108/EC (Electromagnetic Compatibility).

To get the best performance, we suggest you read the instructions in this manual carefully.

This installation and use manual forms an integral part of the product ensure that the manual is always supplied with the appliance, even if it changes owner. If the manual is lost, you can request another copy from the local technical service or download it directly from the company website.

All local regulations, including those regarding national and European regulations, must be observed when the appliance is installed. In Italy, for the installation of systems with biomass below 35KW, refer to ministerial decree D.M. 37/08, and the qualified installation technician with the appropriate requisites must issue a certificate of compliance for the system installed. (By system one means Stove+Chimney+Air inlet).

REVISIONS TO THE PUBLICATION

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No part of this manual may be translated into other languages and/or adapted and/or reproduced, even in part, in other mechanical or electronic forms, photocopies, recordings or other, without the prior written authorisation from MCZ Group Spa.

The company reserves the right to make changes to the product at any time without prior notice. The proprietary company reserves its rights according to the law.

CARE OF THE MANUAL AND HOW TO CONSULT IT

- Take care of this manual and keep it in an easily accessible place.
- Should the manual be misplaced or ruined, request a copy from your retailer or directly from the authorised Technical Assistance Department. It can be downloaded from the company website.
- The "text in bold" must be read with particular care.
- "The "text in italics" draws attention to other sections in this manual or clarifications.
- "NOTE" provides the reader with additional information.

SYMBOLS USED IN THE MANUAL

	CAUTION: read the relative message carefully as failure to observe the information provided could result in serious damage to the product and put the persons who use it at risk.
0	INFORMATION: failure to comply with these provisions will compromise the use of the product.
F	OPERATING SEQUENCES: sequence of buttons to be pressed to access the menus or change settings.
i	MANUAL carefully read this manual or the relative instructions.

▲SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Installation, electrical connection, function test and maintenance must only be carried out by authorised and qualified personnel.
- Install the product in accordance with all local and national legislation and regulations in force in the region or state.
- A bad use or unproper maintainance of the product can bring to a serious risk of explosion in the combustion chamber.
- Only use the fuel recommended by the manufacturer. The product must not be used as an incinerator.
- It is strictly forbidden to use alcohol, petrol, liquid fuel for lanterns, diesel, bioethanol, fluids for lighting charcoal or similar liquids to light/rekindle the flame in these devices. Keep these flammable liquids well away from the appliance when in use.
- Do not put any fuel other than wood pellets in the hopper.
- The instructions provided in this manual must always be complied with to ensure the product and any electronic appliances connected to it are used correctly and accidents are prevented.
- This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.
- The user, or whoever is operating the product, must read and fully understand the contents of this installation guide before performing any operation. Errors or incorrect settings can cause hazardous conditions and/or poor operation.
- Do not climb on or lean on the product.
- Do not put linen on the product to dry. Any drying racks or similar objects must be kept at a safe distance from the product. **Fire hazard.**
- All liability for improper use of the product is entirely borne by the user and relieves the Manufacturer from any civil and criminal liability.

- Any type of tampering or unauthorised replacement with non-original spare parts could be hazardous for the operator's safety and relieves the company from any civil and criminal liability.
- Many of the surfaces of the product get very hot (door, handle, glass, smoke extraction pipes, etc.). Avoid coming into contact with these parts without adequate protective clothing or suitable means, such as gloves with thermal protection or "cold handle" operating systems.
- It is forbidden to operate the product with the door open or the glass broken.
- The doors/covers on the appliance must remain closed when it is not used.
- The product must be powered by an electrical system that is equipped with an effective earthing device.
- Switch the product off in the event of a fault or malfunction.
- Accumulated unburned pellets in the burner after each "failed start-up" must be removed before lighting again. Check that the burner is clean and positioned properly before lighting again.
- Shut the stove down in the event of a breakdown or bad running and contact the engineer immediately.
- Pellets must not be fed manually into the burner this wrong behaviour can generate an abnormal amount of unburned gas, with a risk of explosion in the chamber.
- Accumulated unburnt pellets in the burner after a failed ignitions must be removed before lighting.
- Failure too clean and maintain the brazier can result in improper running and explosions within the stove. Make sure you remove and clear the holes in the brazier and any loose encrustations every time you empty the ash from the stove or every time you have a failed ignition.Make sure that the holes in the brazier are never reduced in size as this will affect the safe performance of the stove if not maintained.
- Do not wash the product with water. The water could get inside the unit and damage the electrical insulation and cause electric shocks.

- A carbon monoxide alarm must be fitted in the room where the appliance is sited Refer too ADJ part 2.34 through too 2.36 page 41 (**ONLY FOR UK**).
- If there is a fire in the flue pipe, extinguish the stove, disconnect it from the power supply and never open the door. Then contact the competent authorities.
- Do not light the stove with flammable materials if the ignition system breaks down.
- Do not stand for a long time in front of the product in operation. Do not overheat the room you are in and where the product is installed. This could cause injuries and health problems.
- Install the product in a location that does not present a fire hazard and is equipped with power and air supplies and smoke extractors.
- In the event of fire in the chimney, turn off the device, disconnect it from the mains electricity and do not open the hatch. Then contact the competent authorities.
- The product and the cladding must be stored in a dry place and must not be exposed to weathering.
- It is recommended not to remove the feet that support the product in order to guarantee adequate insulation, especially if the flooring is made of flammable materials.
- In the event of a malfunction with the ignition system, do not force it to light by using flammable materials.
- Special maintenance must only be performed by authorised and qualified personnel.
- Assess the static conditions of the surface on which the weight of the product will rest and provide suitable insulation if it is made of flammable material (e.g. wood, fitted carpet or plastic).
- Live electrical parts: only power the product after completing assembly.
- Disconnect the product from the 230V power supply before performing any maintenance operation.

• IF ANY SMOKE SPILLAGE IS SEEN WITHIN THE ROOM OR THE APPLIANCE SUFFERS FROM AN EXPLOSIVE IGNITION PLEASE TURN OFF THE APPLIANCE, VENTILATE THE ROOM AND CONTACT THE INSTALLER/ SERVICE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY.

INFORMATION

- In case of any problems, get in touch with your dealer, or a qualified engineer authorised by MCZ, and if a repair is necessary, insist
 on the use of original spare parts.
- Use only the fuel recommended by MCZ (for Italy pellets with a diameter of 6 mm and for other European countries with a diameter of 6-8 mm) and provided only with an automatic supply system.
- Periodically check and clean the smoke outlet ducts (connection to the flue pipe).
- Accumulated unburnt pellets in the burner after repeated failed ignitions must be removed before lighting.
- The pellet stove is not a cooking appliance.
- Always keep the cover of the fuel hopper closed.
- Keep this instruction manual carefully because it must stay with the stove throughout its working life. If the stove is sold or transferred to another user, always make sure that the booklet goes with the product.
- If it gets lost, ask MCZ or your authorised dealer for another copy.

INTENDED USE

The product only works with wood pellets and must be installed indoors.

PRODUCT PERFORMANCE CHECKS.

All our products undergo ITT TESTS carried out by a notified third party laboratory (system 3) and in accordance with Regulation (EU) number 305/2011 "Construction products", according to standard EN 14785:2006 for household appliances and "Machinery Directive" EN 303-5 for boilers.

In the case of tests for any market surveillance or inspections by third parties, please consider the following warnings:

- To reach the declared performance levels, the product must perform an operating cycle of at least 15-20 hours beforehand.
- Set the average draught of the combustion fumes as specified in the "technical product features" table
- The type of pellets used must comply with the current EN ISO 17225-2 class A1 regulation. Fir pellets are usually used for certification.
- The amount of thermal energy can vary according to the length and calorific value of the fuel. This may require some adjustments (accessed from the user menu) to comply with the hourly consumption specified in the "technical product features" table. Using class A1 pellets guarantees a calorific value that is likely to be close to that used in the product certification; the size of the pellet grains can significantly affect hourly fuel loading and consequently performance; it is therefore suggested to use pellets with a 6 mm diameter and an average length of around 24 mm (avoid pellets that are too long or excessively crushed).
- With wood-burning appliances, the fuel must comply with the current EN ISO 17225-5 class A1 regulation. Check the correct moisture
 of the fuel, as it must be within the range of 12 20% (it is best if the moisture is close to 12%, as is normally used in certification). As
 the fuel moisture increases, different combustion air settings are required, which are implemented from the combustion air register,
 thereby modifying the mixture of primary and secondary air
- It is important to check the operation of devices that can affect performance (for example air fans or electric safety devices) in case
 of damage due to handling.
- Nominal performance has been obtained by setting the maximum flame power and room ventilation in manual mode.
 Performance at reduced power was achieved at minimum flame and ventilation power (P1 and V1) in manual mode.
 The other conditions (COMFORT SET) correspond to intermediate ventilation and power.
- If a "verification" mode is provided in the menu, set this function during the readings to ensure that no temperature modulation
 occurs due to an incorrect setting of the operating parameters.
- Lastly, strictly comply with the withdrawal points specified in the regulations in terms of emissions as well as temperature

WARRANTY CONDITIONS

The company guarantees the product, with the exception of elements subject to normal wear (listed on the following page), for a period of 2 (two) years from the date of purchase attested by:

- a document to serve as proof of purchase (invoice and/or receipt) that shows the name of the vendor and the date on which the
 purchase was made;
- forwarding of the completed certificate of guarantee within 8 days of purchase.

Furthermore, the product must be installed and started by specialised personnel who must, where provided, issue a declaration of conformity of the plant and of the proper functioning of the product, for the warranty to be valid and effective.

We recommend functionally testing the product before completion with the relevant finishes, where provided (claddings, painting of walls, etc.).

Installations not meeting the current standards, improper use and lack of maintenance as expected by the manufacturer, void the product warranty.

The guarantee is valid on the condition that the instructions and warnings contained in the use and maintenance manual are observed, and therefore the product is used correctly.

The replacement of the entire system or the repair of one of its components does not extend the guarantee period, and the original expiry date remains unchanged.

The guarantee covers the replacement or free repair of parts recognised as being faulty at source due to manufacturing defects.

In order to activate the product warranty the commissioning document which is supplied with the appliance and also is available as a download from the Specflue website must be filled in correctly and returned within 14 days (ONLY FOR UK).

EXCLUSIONS

The guarantee does not cover malfunctions and/or damage to the appliance that arise due to the following causes:

- Damage caused during transportation or relocation
- all parts that develop faults due to negligence or improper use, incorrect maintenance, installation that does not comply with the
 manufacturer's instructions (always refer to the installation and use manual provided with the appliance)
- incorrect dimensioning with regards to the use or faults in the installation or failure to adopt the necessary devices to guarantee
 proper execution
- improper overheating of the equipment, use of fuels not conforming to the types and quantities indicated in the instructions provided
- further damage caused by incorrect user interventions in an attempt to fix the initial fault
- worsening of the damage due to the continued use of the equipment by the user, once the defect has been noticed
- in the presence of a boiler, any corrosions, incrustations or breaks caused by water flow, condensation, hardness or acidity of the water, improperly performed descaling treatments, lack of water, mud or limescale deposits
- inefficiency of chimneys, flues or parts of the plant affecting the equipment
- damage caused by tampering with the appliance, atmospheric agents, natural disasters, vandalism, electrical discharges, fires, faults
 in the electric and/or hydraulic system.
- Failure to have stove maintenance performed on an annual basis by an authorised technician or qualified personnel will result in the loss of the warranty.

Also excluded from this guarantee are:

- parts subject to normal wear such as gaskets, glass, claddings and cast iron grids, painted, chrome-plated or gilded parts, handles
 and electric cables, bulbs, indicator lights, knobs, all parts which can be removed from the hearth.
- Variations in colour of the painted or ceramic/serpentine parts and craquelure ceramics as they are natural characteristics of the material and product use.
- masonry work
- plant parts (if present) not supplied by the manufacturer

Any technical interventions on the product to eliminate the above-said defects and consequent damages must be agreed upon with the Technical Assistance Centre, who reserves the right to accept the relative appointment or not. However, said interventions will not be carried out under warranty but as technical assistance to be granted at part of any eventual and specific agreed conditions and in accordance with the fee in force for the work to be carried out.

The user will also be charged for any costs incurred to remedy the incorrect technical interventions, tampering or damage to the appliance, not attributable to original faults.

Save for the legal or regulatory limits, the guarantee does not cover the containment of atmospheric and acoustic pollution.

The company declines all liability for any damage which may be caused, directly or indirectly, to persons, animals or objects as a consequence of non compliance with any prescription specified in the manual, especially warnings regarding installation, use and maintenance of the appliance.

SPARE PARTS

In the event of a malfunction, consult the retailer who will forward the call to the Technical Assistance Service.

Use only original spare parts. The retailer or service centre can provide all necessary information regarding spare parts. We do not recommend waiting for the parts to be worn before having them replaced. It is important to perform regular maintenance.



The company declines all liability if the product and any other accessory is used improperly or modified without authorisation.

All parts must be replaced with original spare parts.

Information for management of waste electrical and electronic equipment containing batteries and accumulators



This symbol appears on the product, on the batteries, on the accumulators or on their packaging or on their documentation; it indicates that the product and the batteries or the accumulators included must not be collected, recycled or disposed of with household waste at the end of their service life.

Improper management of waste electrical and electronic equipment, batteries or accumulators can cause the hazardous substances contained within to leak out. In order to avoid harming the environment or health, the user is required to separate this equipment, and/ or the batteries or accumulators included, from other types of waste and deliver them to the local collection centre. The distributor can be asked to collect the waste electrical and electronic equipment under the conditions and according to the procedures laid down by Legislative Decree 49/2014.

Separate collection and correct treatment of waste electrical and electronic equipment, batteries and accumulators contribute to conserving natural resources, respect for the environment and ensure the protection of health.

For more information on collection centres for waste electrical and electronic equipment, batteries and accumulators, contact the competent public Authorities for issue of the authorisations.

RULES FOR INSTALLATION

The product in question is a stove that uses wood pellets.

Below is a list of European regulations regarding the installation of the product:

EN 12828 Heating systems design.

IEC 64-8 Electrical systems with rated voltage not exceeding 1000 V AC and 1500 V DC.

EN 1443 General chimney regulation

EN 1856-1 metal smoke ducts

EN 1856-2 metal smoke extraction channels

EN 1457 chimneys - Interior terracotta / ceramic flues

EN 13384-1 Chimneys - Thermal and dynamic fluid calculation methods - Part 1: Chimneys connected to a single appliance

Below are some applicable regulations for Italy:

UNI 10683:2012 Heat generators fuelled by wood or other solid bio-fuels - Test, installation, control and maintenance (for thermochemical power at the firebox lower than 35kW)

UNI/TS 11278 general technical regulation for the choice of smoke duct/flue

UNI 10847:2000 Smoke extractor systems for liquid and solid fuelled generators - Maintenance and control - Guidelines and procedures UNI 8065 water treatment in civil plants.

UNI 9182 Hot and cold (sanitary) water supply and distribution systems.

Installation must be carried out with reference to the diagram of the heating system prepared in accordance with the standards and local recommendations in force:

In any case, respect:

For the heating appliance -

Local requirements concerning the chimney connection.

Local requirements for fire-fighting standards.

For electrical parts - EN 60335 "Safety of electrical household appliances and similar"

Part 1 - General requirements

Part 2 - Special regulations for appliances with gas, gas oil and solid fuel burners with electrical connections.



The instructions contained in this chapter explicitly refer to the regulations of the Italian installation Standard UNI 10683. In any case, always comply with the regulations in force in the country of installation.

PELLETS

Wood pellets are manufactured by hot-extruding compressed sawdust which is produced during the working of natural dried wood. The compactness of the material is guaranteed by the lignin contained in the wood itself and allows pellets to be produced without glue or binders.

The market offers different types of pellets with characteristics that vary according to the wood mixtures used. The most common diameter on the market is 6 mm (although 8 mm diameter is available too) with a length, on average, of between 3 and 40 mm. A good quality pellet has a density of between 600 and 750 or more kg/metres cubed and a water content that accounts for 5 to 8% of its weight. Pellets have technical advantages besides being an ecological fuel, as the wood residue is used completely, thereby achieving cleaner combustion than that of fossil fuels.

Good-quality wood has a calorific value of 4.4 kW/kg (15% moisture, after about 18 months of seasoning), whereas that of pellets is 4.9 kW/kg. To ensure good combustion, the pellets must be stored in a dry place and protected from dirt. Pellets are usually supplied in 15 kg bags, therefore, storing them is very convenient.



Good quality pellets guarantee good combustion, thereby decreasing harmful emissions into the atmosphere.



The poorer the quality of the fuel, the more often the internal parts of the brazier and combustion chamber must be cleaned.

The main quality certifications for pellets currently available on the European market guarantee that the fuel complies with class A1/ A2 according to ISO 17225-2. (formerly EN 14961). These certifications include, for example, **ENPlus**, **DINplus**, **Ö-Norm M7135**, and in particular, guarantee the following characteristics:

- calorific value: 4.6 ÷ 5.3 kWh/kg.
- Moisture content: $\leq 10\%$ of the weight.
- Percentage of ash: max 1.2% of the weight (A1 less than 0.7%).
- Diameter: 6±1/8±1 mm.
- Length: 3÷40 mm.
- Content: 100% untreated wood without the addition of binding substances (max 5% bark).
- Packaging: in sacks made from ecologically compatible or biologically decomposing material.



The company strongly recommends using certified fuel for its products (ENplus, DINplus, Ö-Norm M7135). Poor quality pellets or others that do not comply with the characteristics specified previously may compromise the operation of your product and can therefore render the guarantee and product liability invalid.

FOREWORD

The installation position must be chosen according to the room, to the smoke extraction system, to the chimney flue. Check with local authorities whether there are any restrictive regulations in force regarding the combustion air inlet, the smoke outlet system, the flue or the chimney cap. The manufacturer declines all responsibility in the event of installations that do not comply with the laws in force, incorrect room air exchange, electrical connection non-compliant with the standards and inappropriate use of the appliance. The installation must be carried out by a qualified technician, who must issue a declaration of conformity of the system to the purchaser and will assume full responsibility for final installation and consequent good operation of the product.

In particular one must ensure that:

- there is a suitable combustion air inlet and smoke outlet in compliance with the type of product installed
- other stoves or devices installed do not cause depression in the room where the product is installed (for sealed appliances only, a maximum of 15 Pa of depression in the room is allowed)
- when the product is switched on there is no reflux of smoke in the room
- fumes extraction takes place in total safety (sizing, smoke seal, distances from flammable materials..).

We especially recommend to check the data tags of the flue for the safety distances that must be observed in presence of combustible materials and the type of insulating material to be used. These indications must be followed strictly to prevent serious harm to people and the integrity of the home. The installation of the appliance must ensure easy access to clean the appliance itself, the smoke outlet pipes and the flue. It is forbidden to install the stove in rooms with a fire hazard. Installation in studio flats, bedrooms and bathrooms is only allowed with sealed or closed appliances equipped with suitable combustion air ducting directly outside. Always maintain adequate distance and protection in order to prevent the product from coming into contact with water.

In the event there are several appliances installed, the external air inlet must be sized accordingly.

MINIMUM DISTANCES

It is recommended to install the stove detached from any walls and/or furniture, with a minimum clearance to allow effective aeration of the appliance and a good distribution of heat in the room. Observe distances from flammable or heat-sensitive objects (sofas, furniture, wood panelling, etc..) as specified below. The front distance from flammable materials must be at least as set out in the product's technical data table.

If particularly delicate objects are present, such as furniture, curtains or sofas, increase the stove clearance accordingly.



If the floor is made of wood, it is recommended to fit a floor protection sheet in compliance with the Standards in force in the country of installation.

SUITE/CLUB/MUSA	Non-flammable walls	Flammable walls	
HYDROMATIC 16/24 M1	A = 5 cm B = 5 cm	A = 20 cm B = 20 cm	

If the floor is made of combustible material, it is recommended to use protection made of non-combustible material (steel, glass...) that also protects the front from falling combusted material during cleaning operations. The appliance must be installed on a floor with adequate load capacity.

If the existing construction does not meet this requirement, one must take appropriate measures (for example a load distribution plate).

FOREWORD

This chapter on the Smoke Flue has been produced in reference to the prescriptions of European regulations (EN13384 - EN1443 - EN1856 - EN1457).

The chapter provides indications for installing an efficient and correct smoke flue but is under no circumstances to substitute the regulations in force, which the qualified technician must be in possession of. Check with local authorities whether there are any restrictive regulations in force regarding the intake of air for combustion, the smoke extraction system, the flue or the chimney.

The company declines all liability relating to the poor functioning of the boiler if this is due to the use of an insufficiently sized flue in violation of regulations in force.

SMOKE FLUE

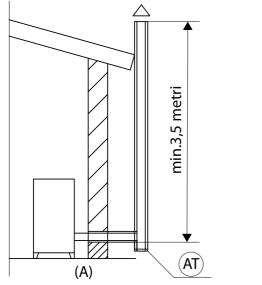
The flue or chimney is of great importance for the proper operation of a solid fuel-burning heating appliance with natural draught, as modern heating appliances have high efficiency with cooler flue gasses and consequently less draught, it is therefore essential that the flue is built up to standard and always kept in perfect working order. A flue that serves a pellet/wood fuelled appliance must be at least category T400 (or greater if the appliance requires, and resistant to soot fires. Smoke must be extracted through a single flue made of insulated steel (A) or an existing flue that complies with the intended use (B).

A simple air shaft in cement must be suitably lined. In both solutions there must be an inspection cap (AT) and/or inspection hatch (AP) - FIG.1.

It is prohibited to connect more than one wood/pellet (*) or any other type of appliance (vent cowling...) to the same flue.

(*) unless there are national derogations (for instance in Germany), which under suitable conditions allow for the installation of several appliances in the same fireplace. In any case, strictly follow the product/installation requirements of the relative regulations/legislation in force in that country

The stove must be connected to a flue pipe or an internal or external vertical duct conforming to EN 1856-1-2 to suit the appliance and types of fuels to be burnt – refer to detailed guidance in sections 2, 3 and 4 in ADJ (ONLY FOR UK)



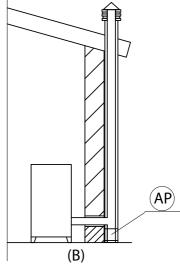


FIGURE 1 - SMOKE FLUE

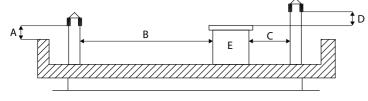
TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Have the efficiency of the flue checked by an authorised technician.

The flue must be sealed against flue gasses, in a vertical direction without narrowing, be made with materials impermeable to smoke, condensation, thermally insulated and suitable to resist normal mechanical stress over time (we recommend fireplaces made of A/316 or refractory material with insulated round section double chamber). Be suitably insulated externally to avoid condensation and reduce smoke cooling. It should be separated from combustible or flammable materials with an air gap or insulating materials: check the distance specified by the manufacturer of the fireplace according to EN1443. The chimney opening must be in the same room as the appliance, or at most in the adjoining room, and have a soot and condensation collection chamber beneath the opening, and be accessible via a watertight metal hatch.

FLAT ROOF

ROOF AT 15°

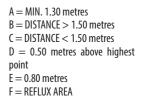


 $\begin{array}{l} A=0.50 \text{ metres} \\ B=DISTANCE>2 \text{ metres} \\ C=DISTANCE<2 \text{ metres} \\ D=0.50 \text{ metres} \\ E=\text{TECHNICAL VOLUME} \end{array}$

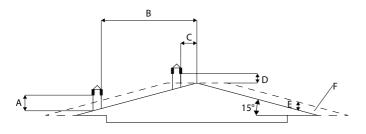
FIGURE 2

 $\begin{array}{l} A = MIN. 1.00 \text{ metres} \\ B = DISTANCE > 1.85 \text{ metres} \\ C = DISTANCE < 1.85 \text{ metres} \\ D = 0.50 \text{ metres} \text{ above highest} \\ point \\ E = 0.50 \text{ metres} \\ F = REFLUX AREA \end{array}$

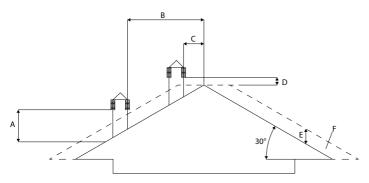
FIGURE 3

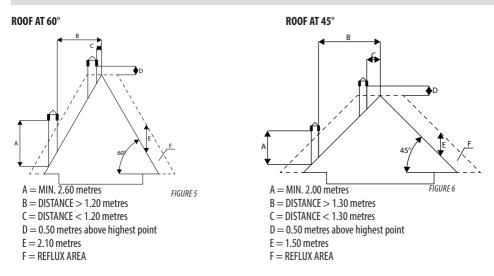












DIMENSIONING

The drop in pressure (draft) of a flue depends on its height. Check the drop in pressure with the values indicated in the technical characteristics. The minimum height of the chimney is 3.5 meters.

The interior cross-section of the flue can be circular (best variation), square or rectangular (the ratio between the interior sides must be \leq 1.5) with the sides joined with a minimum radius of 20 mm. The dimension of the cross-section must be **minimum Ø100mm**.

The cross-sections/lengths of the chimneys shown in the technical data tables are indications for correct installation. Any alternative configurations must be correctly dimensioned in accordance with the general method of calculation of UNI EN13384-1 or other proven efficiency methods.

Below is a list of some flues available on the market:

AISI 316 steel chimney with double chamber insulated with ceramic fibre or equivalent resistant up to 400°C.

Refractory chimney with double insulated chamber and external lightweight concrete cladding with cellular material such as clay. Traditional square-section clay chimney with insulating empty inserts.

Avoid products with an internal rectangular section where the larger side is 1.5 times the smaller side (e.g. 20x40 or 15x30).

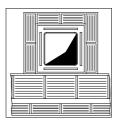
EXCELLENT



POOR











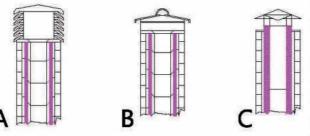
MAINTENANCE

The flue must be kept clean, since the deposit of soot or unburned oils reduces the cross-section reducing the draft and thus compromising the efficient functioning of the heater and, if large build-ups accumulate, can catch fire. The flue and chimney must be cleaned and checked by a skilled chimney sweep at least once a year. Once the check/maintenance has been performed, request a signed report stating that the system is safe.

Failure to clean the system jeopardises its safety.

CHIMNEY

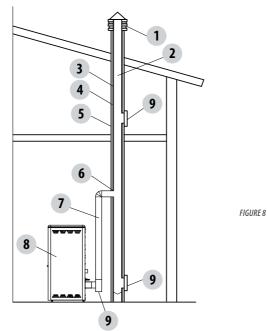
The chimney is a crucial element for the heating appliance to work properly: we recommend a wind proof chimney (A), see Figure 7. The area of the opening for smoke extraction must be at least double the cross-section of the smoke duct/flue system, and arranged so



that smoke extraction is ensured even in strong wind. The chimney must prevent rain, snow or animals from entering the chimney. The height of outflow into the atmosphere must be beyond the reflux zone created by the shape of the roof or any obstacles near the outlet (see Figures 2-3-4-5-6).

FIGURE 7

CHIMNEY COMPONENTS



EXTERNAL AIR INLET

It is mandatory to provide an adequate external air intake that supplies the combustion air required for the product to work properly. The flow of air between the outside and the installation room may be direct, through an inlet in an external wall of the room; or indirect, via air intake from adjoining rooms and connecting permanently with the installation room (see Figure 9 b). Adjoining areas may not include sleeping areas, garages or general areas with a fire hazard. During installation one must check the minimum clearances required for air intake from outside. Take into account the presence of doors and windows that could interfere with the proper flow of air to the stove (see diagram below).

The air intake must have a minimum total net area of 80 cm2: the surface must be increased accordingly if within the room there are other active generators (for example: electric fan for stale air extraction, kitchen hood, other stoves, etc...), which could cause cause depression in the room. A check must be carried out to ensure that, with all equipment on, the pressure drop between the room and the outside does not exceed a value of 4 Pa. (also for Oyster appliances if combustion air has not been suitably ducted outside). If necessary increase the intake section of the air inlet, which must be made at floor level and always protected with a bird-proof outer protection grid and in such a way that it cannot be obstructed by any object.

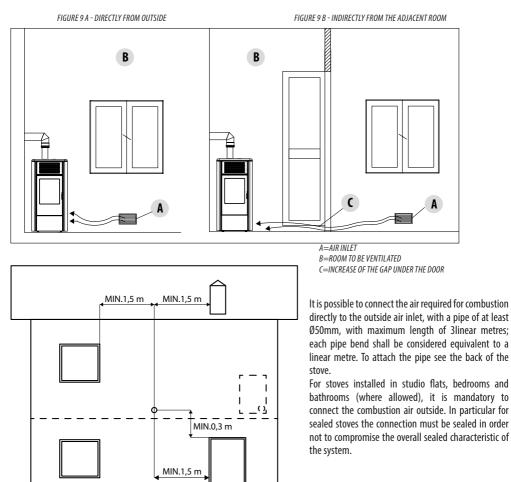


FIGURE 10

DISTANCE (metres)	The air inlet must be at a distance of:	
1.5 m	UNDER	Windows, doors, smoke outlets, cavities,
1.5 m	HORIZONTALLY	Windows, doors, smoke outlets, cavities,
0.3 m	ABOVE	Windows, doors, smoke outlets, cavities,
1.5 m	AWAY	from smoke outlet

CONNECTION TO FLUE

The connection between the flue and the appliance must be via a smoke duct that conforms with EN 1856-2. The connecting section must extend no more than 4 m horizontally, with a maximum incline of 3% and containing a maximum of 3 90°C bends (accessible for inspection - do not count the T joint at the appliance outlet).

The diameter of the smoke duct must be equal to or greater than that of the appliance outlet (Ø 80 mm).

TYPE OF DEVICE	SMOKE DUCT	
Minimum vertical length	1.5 metres	
Maximum length (with 1 accessible 90° bend)	6.5 metres	
Maximum length (with 3 accessible 90° bends)	4.5 metres	
Maximum number of accessible 90° bends	3	
Horizontal sections (minimum incline 3%)	4 metres	

Use smoke ducts with a diameter of 80mm or 100mm depending on the type of system, with silicone gaskets or similar gaskets that can withstand the high operating temperatures of the appliance (min. T200 class P1). The use of flexible metal tubes in fibre cement or aluminium is prohibited. For direction changes, we always recommend the use of a T joint with an inspection cap allowing easy access for cleaning the tubes. Always ensure that the inspection cap is replaced and hermetically sealed with the seal in tact after cleaning.

It is prohibited to connect more than one appliance to the same smoke duct, or the discharge from overhead cowling. It is prohibited to extract the products of combustion directly through the wall, whether into indoor spaces or outdoors.

The smoke duct must be a minimum distance of 400 mm from flammable or heat-sensitive structures.

SUPPLEMENTARY ISTRUCTIONS ONLY FOR UK

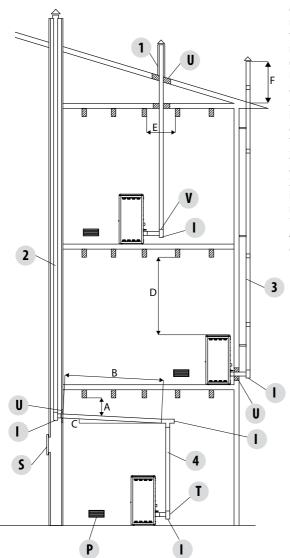
FOR CONNECTION TO THE FLUE PIPE, NOT MORE THAN 150mm OF HORIZONTAL PIPE MUST BE USED AND NOT MORE THAN 4 x 45° bends MUST BE USED. I accordance with UK Building Regulations .

All exterior flue or flue used internaly above 1.8m should be twin wall insulated pipe installed in accordance with ADJ reference page 23 section 1.31 and 1.32 and 1.33 & Hetas regulations.

The external fluepipe must have internal dimensions of a minimum of 150mm, and maximum 180mm.

Check with suitable instruments that there is a minimum draught of 5 Pa. on low fire and 10pa on high fire. The flue must always run under negative pressure and a cold flue pull of – 2>3 pascals must be secured.

EXAMPLES OF CORRECT INSTALLATION



1. Installation of Ø150mm flue with hole for the passage of the tube increased by:

minimum 100 mm around the tube if next to non flammable parts such as cement, brick, etc.; or

minimum 300 mm around the tube (or as prescribed by data tags) if next to flammable parts such as wood etc. In both cases, install suitable insulation between the flue

and the ceiling.

Always check and respect the data tags on the flue, in particular the minimum safety distances from combustible materials.

The previous rules also apply for holes made in walls. 2. Old flue, minimum pipe Ø100mm with the inclusion of an external access door for chimney cleaning.

3. External flue made of insulated stainless steel pipes, i.e. with double walls minimum Ø100mm: all securely mounted on the wall. With wind-proof chimney. See fig. 7 type A.

4. Ducting system using T joints that allow easy access for cleaning without having to remove the tubes

FIGURE 11

U = INSULATING

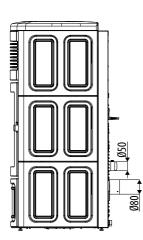
- V = ANY REDUCTION FROM 100 TO 80 MM
- I = INSPECTION CAP
- S = INSPECTION ACCESS PANEL
- P = AIR INLET
- T = T JOINT WITH INSPECTION CAP

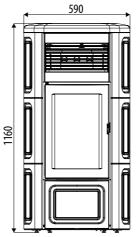
A = MINIMUM 40 MM

- B = MAXIMUM 4 M
- $C = MINIMUM 3^{\circ}$
- D = MINIMUM 400 MME = HOLE DIAMETER
- E = HOLE DIAMETER
- *F* = *SEE FIG.*2-3-4-5-6

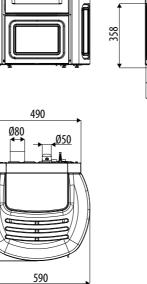
DRAWINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

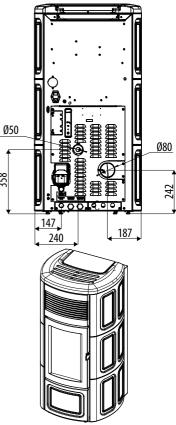
SUITE HYDROMATIC 16/24 M1 - AIR STOVE DIMENSIONS



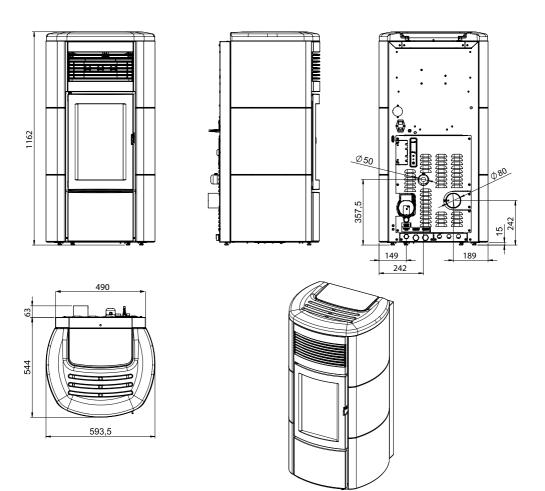


540

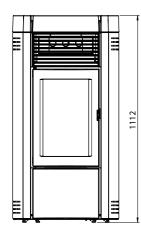


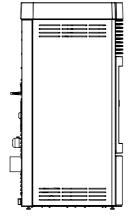


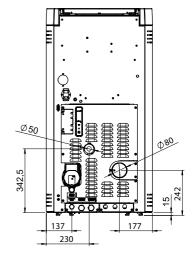
CLUB HYDROMATIC 16/24 M1 - AIR STOVE DIMENSIONS

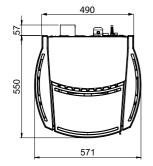


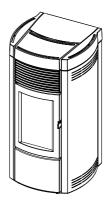
MUSA HYDROMATIC 16/24 M1 - AIR STOVE DIMENSIONS











TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS	SUITE-CLUB-MUSA Hydromatic 16 M1
Nominal output power	16,1 kW (13846 kcal/h)
Nominal output power (H,0)	12,8 kW (11008 kcal/h)
Minimum output power	4,5 kW (3870 kcal/h)
Minimum output power (H ₁ 0)	3,0 kW (2580 kcal/h)
Efficiency at Max	93,6%
Efficiency at Min	95,6%
Temperature of exhaust smoke at Max	118 °C
Temperature of exhaust smoke at Min	62°C
Particles/OGC/Nox (13%0_)	16 mg/Nm3 - 4 mg/Nm3 - 109 mg/Nm3
CO at 13% O ₂ at Min and at Max	0,023 - 0,004%
CO ₂ at Min and at Max	7,9% - 13,4%
Smoke mass	9,1 g/sec
Max operating temperature	2,0 bar - 200 kPa
Recommended draught at Max power***	0,10 mbar - 10 Pa***
Recommended draught at Min power	0,02 mbar - 2 Pa
Hopper capacity	40 litres
Type of pellet fuel	Pellet diameter 6 mm and size 3÷40 mm
Pellet hourly consumption	Min ~ 1,0 kg/h* - Max ~ 3,5 kg/h*
Autonomy	Max. ~ 26 h* - Min. ~ 8 h*
Heatable volume m ³	346/40 - 396/35 - 462/30 **
Combustion air inlet	Ø 50 mm
Smoke outlet	Ø 80 mm
Air inlet	80 cm2
Rated electrical power (EN 60335-1)	115 W (Max 370 W)
Supply voltage and frequency	230 Volt / 50 Hz
Net weight	Musa structure + cladding 177 kg
2	Suite/Club structure + cladding 190 kg
Weight with packaging	Musa structure + cladding 190 kg
	Suite/Club structure + cladding 206 kg
Distance from flammable material (rear/side/bottom)	200 / 200 / 0 mm
Distance from flammable material (ceiling/front)	750 / 1000 mm

* Data that may vary depending on the type of pellets used ** Volume that can be heated, according to the power requirement per m³ (respectively 40-35-30 Kcal/h per m³) ***Value recommended by the manufacturer (non-binding) for optimal product operation

Tested according to EN 14785 in accordance with European regulation for Construction Products (UE 305/2011)

TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS	SUITE-CLUB-MUSA Hydromatic 24 M1
Nominal output power	23,9 kW (20554 kcal/h)
Nominal output power (H,0)	18,6 kW (15996 kcal/h)
Minimum output power	4,5 kW (3870 kcal/h)
Minimum output power (H,O)	3,0 kW (2580 kcal/h)
Efficiency at Max	92,0%
Efficiency at Min	95,6%
Temperature of exhaust smoke at Max	151 °C
Temperature of exhaust smoke at Min	62°C
Particles/OGC/Nox (13%0,)	13 mg/Nm3 - 3 mg/Nm3 - 108 mg/Nm3
CO at 13% O_2 at Min and at Max	0,023 - 0,008%
CO_2 at Min and at Max	7,9% - 14,7%
Smoke mass	12,5 g/sec
Max operating temperature	2,0 bar - 200 kPa
Recommended draught at Max power***	0,10 mbar - 10 Pa***
Recommended draught at Min power	0,02 mbar - 2 Pa
Hopper capacity	40 litres
Type of pellet fuel	Pellet diameter 6 mm and size 3÷40 mm
Pellet hourly consumption	Min ~ 1,0 kg/h* - Max ~ 5,3 kg/h*
Autonomy	Max. ~ 26 h* - Min. ~ 5 h*
Heatable volume m ³	514/40 - 587/35 - 685/30 **
Combustion air inlet	Ø 50 mm
Smoke outlet	Ø 80 mm
Air inlet	80 cm2
Rated electrical power (EN 60335-1)	115 W (Max 370 W)
Supply voltage and frequency	230 Volt / 50 Hz
Net weight	Musa structure + cladding 177 kg
-	Suite/Club structure + cladding 190 kg
Weight with packaging	Musa structure + cladding 190 kg
	Suite/Club structure + cladding 206 kg
Distance from flammable material (rear/side/bottom)	200 / 200 / 0 mm
Distance from flammable material (ceiling/front)	750 / 1000 mm

* Data that may vary depending on the type of pellets used

** Volume that can be heated, according to the power requirement per m³ (respectively 40-35-30 Kcal/h per m³) ***Value recommended by the manufacturer (non-binding) for optimal product operation

Tested according to EN 14785 in accordance with European regulation for Construction Products (UE 305/2011)

4-UNPACKING

PREPARATION AND UNPACKING

The packaging consists of a recyclable cardboard box according to RESY standards, recyclable EPS foam inserts, wooden pallets. All packaging materials can be reused for similar use or eventually disposed of as urban solid waste, in compliance with the regulations in force. After having removed the packaging make sure the product is intact.



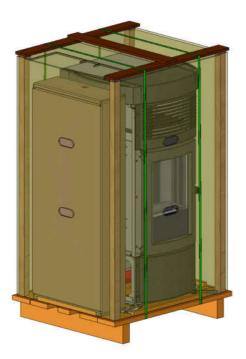
Handle the product with suitable means paying attention to the applicable safety regulations in force. Do not turn the packaging over and handle the ceramic parts with care.

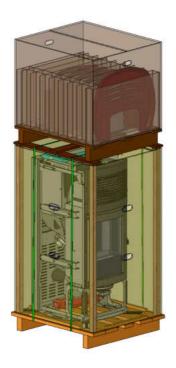
The stoves are delivered in a single package with ceramic panels or steel sides packaged together with the structure and placed on top or at the side. Open the package, remove the cardboard, polystyrene and any straps and position the stove in the preset place making sure that it complies with the requirements.

The stove body or unit must always be kept in a vertical position when handled, and handled using carts only. Pay particular attention to the door and its glass, protecting them from mechanical knocks that would compromise their integrity.

If possible, unwrap the stove near the chosen area of installation.

The packaging materials are neither toxic nor harmful.

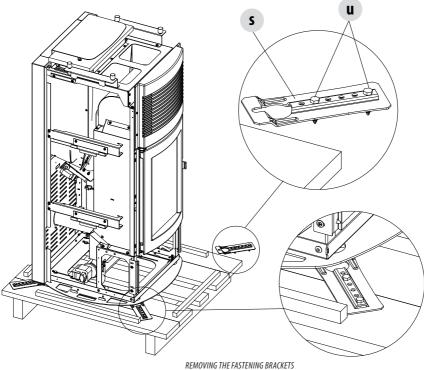




MUSA WITH STEEL CLADDING PACKAGING

SUITE/CLUB WITH CERAMIC CLADDING PACKAGING (ABOVE)

4-UNPACKING



SUITE/CLUB/MUSA STOVES

Remove the Suite/Club/Musa stoves from the pallet by removing the two screws "u" and the plate "s" from the stove foot. There are four brackets "s".

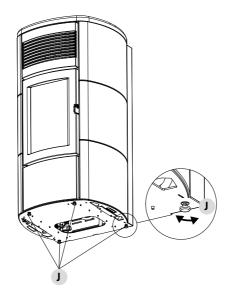
4-UNPACKING

Position the stove and connect it to the flue pipe. Use the 4 adjustable feet (J), to level the stove correctly so that the smoke outlet is lined up with the connecting pipe.

If the stove needs to be connected to an outlet pipe which goes through the rear wall (to connect to the flue), take utmost care to make sure that the joint is not forced.



If the stove smoke outlet is forced or used improperly to lift it or position it, the operation of the stove can be damaged irreparably.

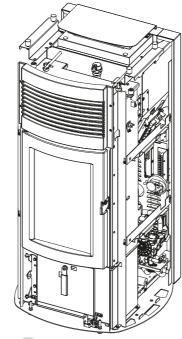


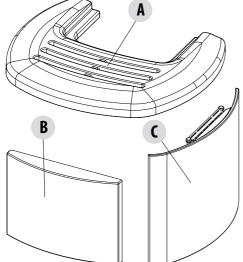
1. TURN THE FEET CLOCKWISE TO LOWER THE STOVE 2. TURN THE FEET COUNTER CLOCKWISE TO LIFT THE STOVE

Live electrical parts: only power the product once it has been fully assembled.

On delivery, the Suite and Club stoves have no ceramic cladding, as shown in the image below.

Take the box with the ceramics (figure below) and prepare them for installation. The ceramics are already completely assembled (ceramics and mounting brackets) and must be mounted as per the attached diagram, "Side panels assembly" page.





The ceramics are delicate, therefore handle with care.

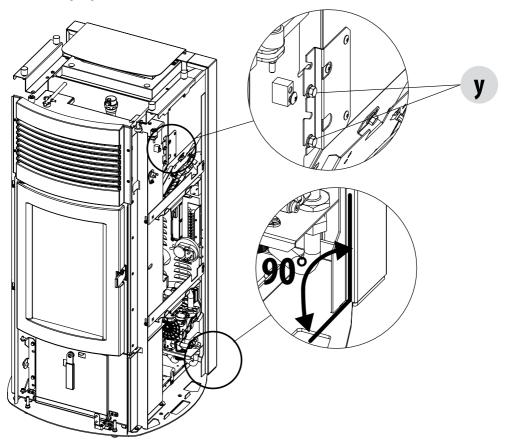
POS.	DESCRIPTION	N.
А	CERAMIC TOP	1
В	LOWER CERAMIC PANEL	1
۲*	LATERAL CERAMIC PANEL	6
	FELT PADS	8
THE FIGURE SHOWS CLUB STOVE CERAMICS (THE DECORATION CHANGES FOR CERAMICA CLUB)		

C* = BASED ON THE LAYOUT, THE CERAMICS WILL BE CALLED D1/D2/D3 AND S1/S2/S3

ADJUSTING THE STRUCTURE AS REQUIRED

Because of the vibration due to transport, it is possible that the product loses some alignment in the structure and, as a result, the side ceramics may not be perfectly mounted (ceramics not in alignment or misaligned with the structure). In case of difficulty, we recommend performing the following operations:

 Verify that the structure is at set perpendicularly (90°), by placing a square between the rear strut and the stove base as shown in the following image



 If the angle is not 90°, loosen the two screws "y" and move the structure slightly to the right or left to restore the stove's planarity. Now proceed with assembling the ceramics.

INSTALLING THE SUITE/CLUB STOVE LOWER FRONT PANEL

To install the lower panel proceed as follows:

- take lower panel "B"
- secure closure push-block "O" to the bracket positioned on panel "B" via the two screws "s" from above and the two washers "v" under the block

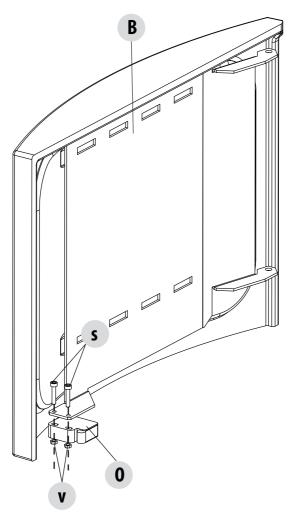
Now panel "B" is ready to be fastened to the stove structure.



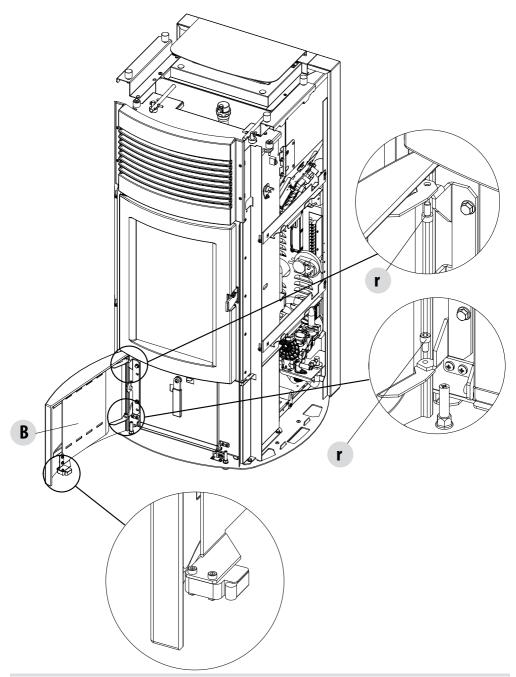
Attention!

Closure push-block "O" is adjustable. The holes for screws "s" are isolated, thus allowing for minimum adjustments to ensure perfect closure of door "B".

ATTENTION! The picture (on this page and on the next) shows how the closure block is mounted on the lower panel for the SUITE stove, the same assembly procedure also applies for the CLUB stove.

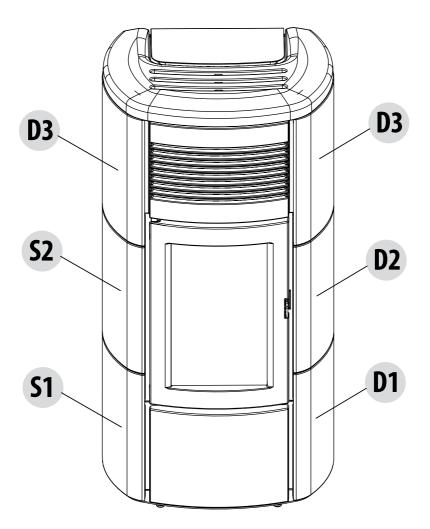


Move panel "B" closer to the structure and secure the two top brackets with screw "r" from below and the bottom brackets with screw "r" from above.



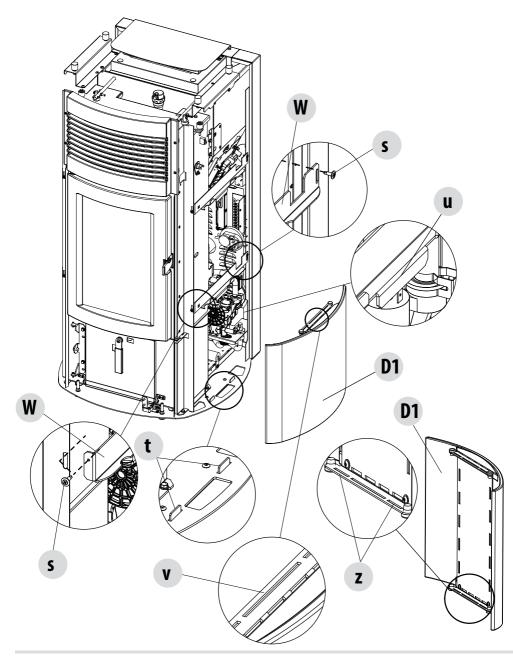
INSTALLING THE SIDE PANELS

There are codes on the internal part of the ceramics to help correctly position them. As shown in the following image, on the right side they are called D1/D2/D3 and on the left side S1/S2/S3, to be placed from the bottom upwards.

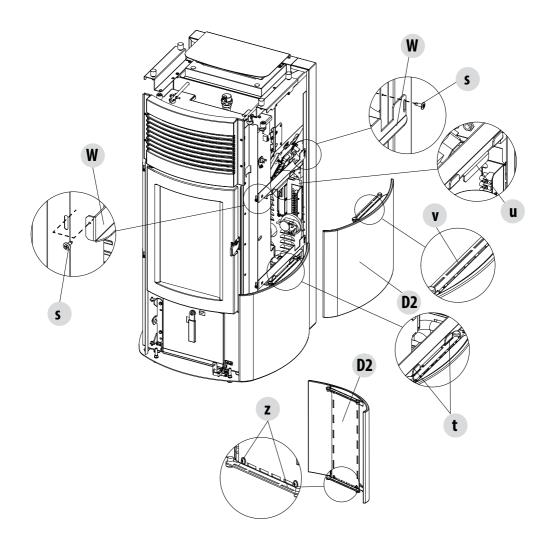


Take the "D1" type panel and insert the hooks "t" in the stove in the holes "z", preset in the bracket of the ceramic.

Loosen screws "s", which secure bracket "W" to the structure, so that hook "u" goes into hole "v" on the bracket of ceramic panel "D1". Tighten screws "s" in order to fix bracket "W" and panel "D1" to the structure.



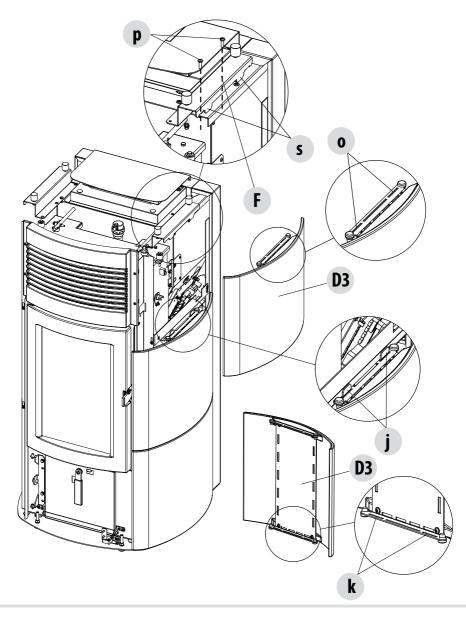
Like for the previous panel "D1", take panel "D2" and insert holes "z" into hooks "t" on the structure. Loosen the two screws "s" so that hook "u" on bracket "W" goes into hole "v" on ceramic panel "D2". Close the screws "s" and secure everything to the stove.



Take panel "D3", insert holes "k" on panel "D3" into hooks "j" on the structure of the stove. Loosen the two screws "p" that block bracket "F" to the structure and insert the two hooks "s" on holes "o" on panel "D3". Tighten screws "p" and follow the same steps to secure the ceramics on the other side (called S1/S2/S3).



The ceramic kit comes with felt pads that may need to be installed to prevent the ceramic from vibrating.

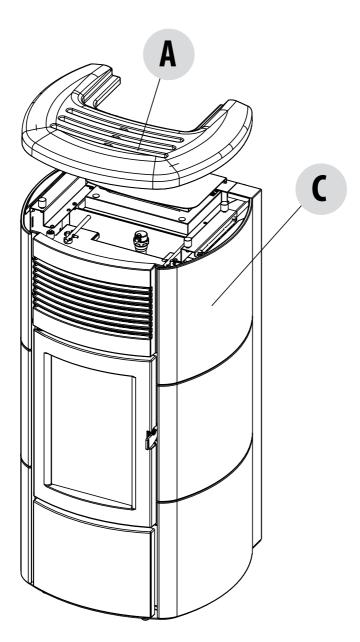


5-SUITE/CLUB STOVE ASSEMBLY

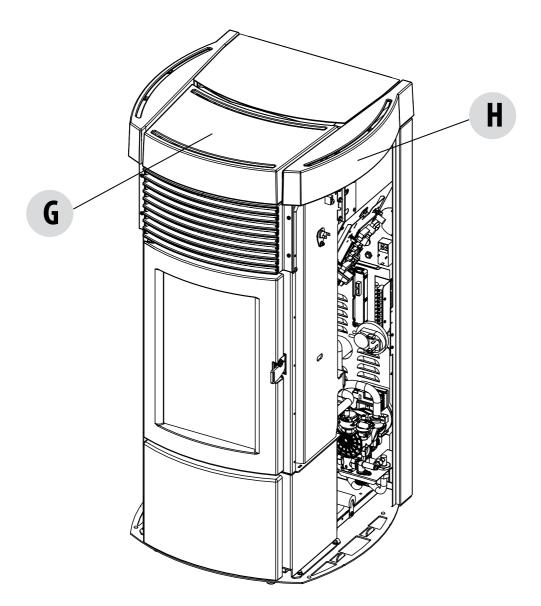
ASSEMBLING THE TOP

After mounting all the ceramics "C", take the part "A" and place it on the stove in the specific adjustable rubber pads.

The rubber pads are adjusted by rotating the pad clockwise or anti-clockwise, depending on whether the level of the ceramic top is to be raised or lowered.

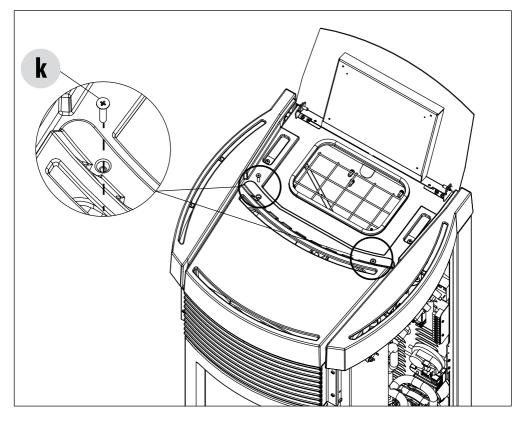


The Musa stove is supplied with the steel sides separate and the cast iron top already mounted on the structure. Therefore, assemble the sides by removing the top "G" and "H" in advance.

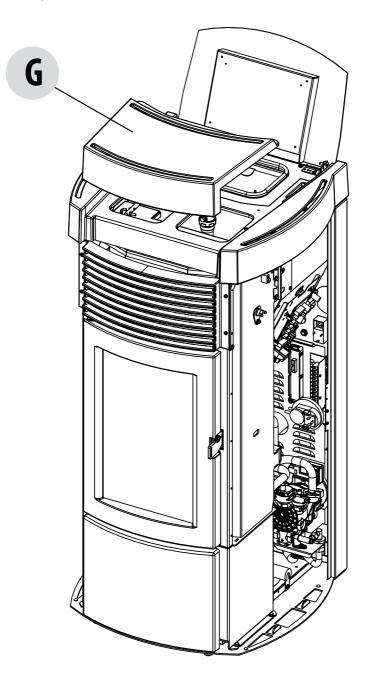


Remove the top as follows:

- lift the hopper cover
- remove the two screws "k"

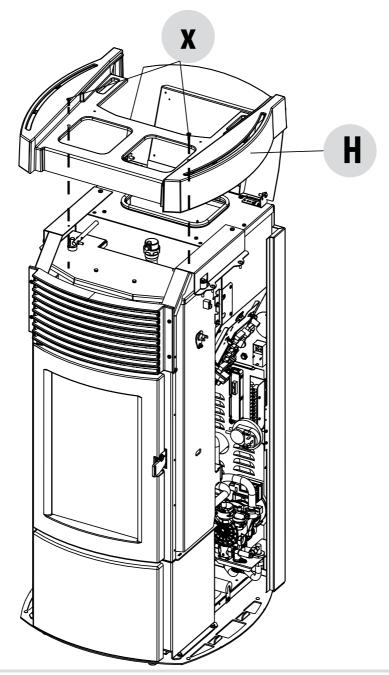


• Remove the front top "G"..



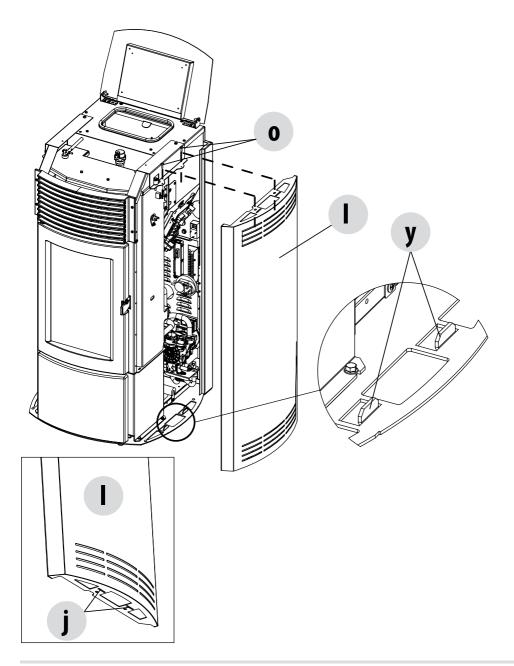
• Remove the other two screws "x" from under the front top "G".

The top "H" can then be lifted and placed on the ground until the steel sides will be installed.

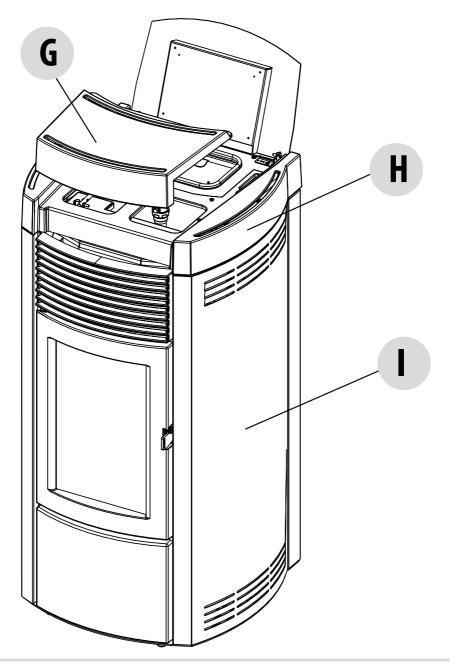


- Take the steel side "I" and insert the two hooks "y" on the structure of the stove in holes "j" at the bottom of the side.
- Secure the side to the stove using two screws "o"

Once assembly of the two sides is completed, position the top "G" and "H" which was removed at the beginning of the assembly.

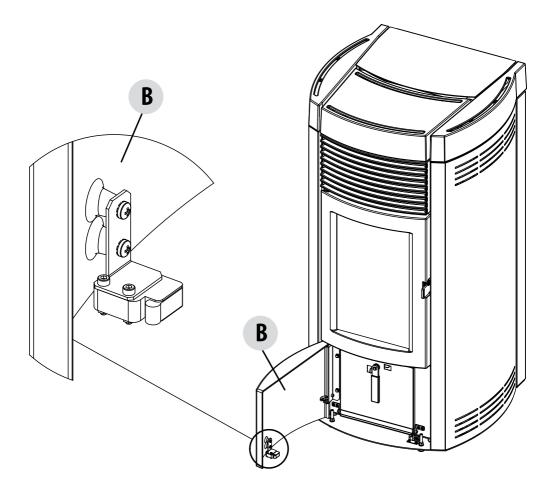


Then secure the top "H" with the two screws "x" to the structure, position the upper top "G" and secure it with the two screws "k" and close the hopper cover (see the top disassembly step).



LOWER PANEL

The lower panel is already fully assembled on the stove, even the door closure block is already mounted. To open the door press to the right, the opening side of the firebox door.



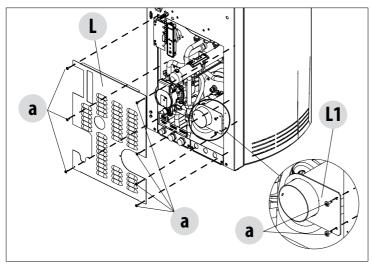
7-INSTALLATION AND ASSEMBLY

REAR PANEL

If maintenance must be performed on a component of the stove, the rear panel can be removed (if the distances from the walls allow it), otherwise, the maintenance can be performed by removing the side of the stove.

To remove the rear panel, remove the seven rear screws "a" and pull panel "L" away.

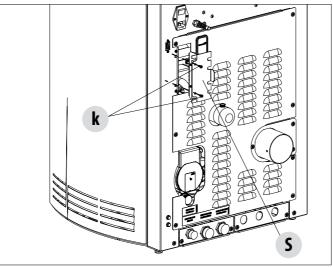
The "L" panel can also be removed with the stove installed since its shape corresponds with the smoke outlet pipe. Plate "L1" supports the flue pipe as it is secured to the stove using the two screws "a". With the stove installed you must only remove plate "L1" if the smoke pipe must be removed, otherwise remove only plate "L".



TERMINAL BLOCK ACCESS PANEL

Make the connections to the terminal block by loosening the two screws "k", grasping bracket "S" for the guide and remove the entire unit with the terminal block.

Make the connections and reinstall everything.



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7-INSTALLATION AND ASSEMBLY

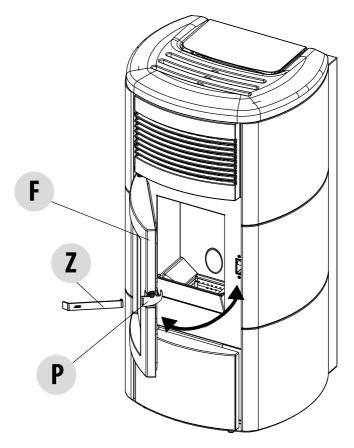
DOOR OPENING (SAME FOR ALL MODELS)

To open the firebox door "F", insert the cold handle "Z" into the hole in the handle "P" and pull it towards you.



Attention! Only open the doors when the stove is switched off and cold.

FIREBOX DOOR "F"



7-INSTALLATION AND ASSEMBLY

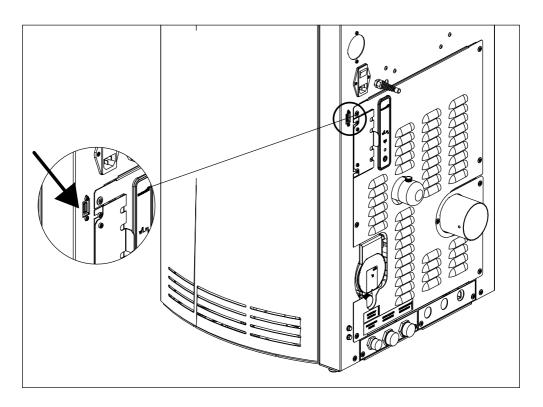
USB SOCKET

There is a USB socket on the back of the stove, if a software update is required; the ceramic/metal parts do not have to be removed to reach the socket directly in the circuit board (pos. 5 in the PCB).



Attention!

The USB socket must be used by skilled technicians. Risk of damaging the product.



8-LOADING THE PELLETS

LOADING THE PELLETS

Fuel is loaded from the upper part of the stove by lifting the door. Pour the pellets into the hopper.

This is easier if performed in two steps:

Pour half of the contents into the hopper and wait for the fuel to settle on the bottom.

Then pour in the rest.



If loading pellets when the stove is running, open the door of the tank using the stove mitten that comes with the stove itself.

When loading, do not let the pellet bag come into contact with hot surfaces.

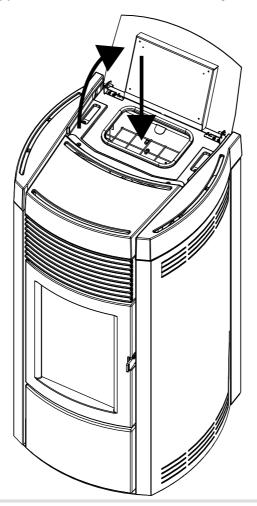
Never remove the protection grid inside the hopper.

No other type of fuel other than pellets is to be inserted into the hopper, in compliance with above-mentioned specifications.

Store the spare fuel at an adequate safe distance.

Do not pour pellets directly onto the brazier but only into the hopper.

When the appliance is running and when it is turned off, most of the stove surfaces are very hot (door, handle, glass, smoke outlet pipes, etc.). Therefore it is recommended to avoid coming into contact with these parts.



8-LOADING THE PELLETS

SAFETY

PROCEDURE TO FOLLOW IF ANY SMOKE SPILLAGE IS SEEN WITHIN THE ROOM OR THE APPLIANCE SUFFERS FROM AN EXPLOSIVE IGNITION PLEASE TURN OFF THE APPLIANCE, VENTILATE THE ROOM AND CONTACT THE INSTALLER/ SERVICE ENGINEER IMIDIAT-LEY.

User Training

In ALL cases the installation and commissioning engineer MUST carry out a thorough handover of the appliance to the homeowner / end user. The following elements should be covered to the satisfaction of the end user. Failure to do this may result in unsafe use of the appliance:

- Explanation of the appliance and how it works
- Necessity to maintain ventilation to the appliance and the issues that may arise otherwise
- Fuel useage and supply
- How to light the appliance safely
- What to do in the event of failed ignitions
- · What to do in the event of alarms (in particular those generated when the appliance runs out of fuel)
- How to maintain the appliance correctly and the importance of carrying out these tasks each month
- It is good practise to agree a date for the fisrt annual service
- Explain the importance of the CO alarm in accordance with approved document J of the building regs (ONLY FOR UK)
- Explain the need for the flue draft stabiliser and its position within the flue system (ONLY FOR UK)
- Discuss the use of secondary heating systems if applicable
- Explain how the remote control or room stats operate and their optimal positioning
- Explain the need for the appliance data plate in accordance with approved document J of the building regulations (ONLY FOR UK)
- The commissioning process and paperwork should also be explained to the homeowner. A copy of the base settings on the
 commissioning paperwork should also be left with the appliance (ONLY FOR UK).

PLUMBING SYSTEM CONNECTION



IMPORTANT!

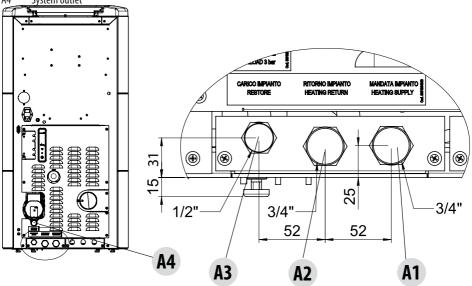
The connection of the stove to the plumbing system must be carried out ONLY by specialized personnel who are capable of carrying out installation properly, in compliance with current standards in the country of installation. The manufacturer will not be held responsible for damage to persons or things in the event of failed operation if the aforementioned warning is not complied with.

It is important that ONLY qualified engineers are used to fit and commission the appliance in ALL cases. The installing engineer MUST hold a QCF recognised biomass qualification. Any company using sub-contractors MUST ensure they also hold the relevant qualifications (ONLY FOR UK).

CONNECTION DIAGRAM

- A1 Heating water supply 3/4"M
- A2 Heating water return 3/4"M
- A3 Filling the system





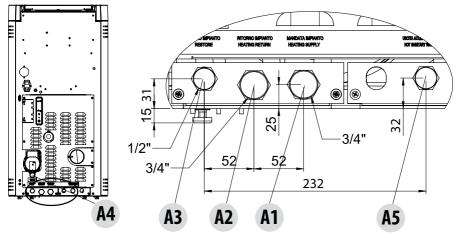


IMPORTANT!!!

CLEAN THE ENTIRE SYSTEM BEFORE CONNECTING THE STOVE, IN ORDER TO REMOVE ALL RESIDUE AND DEPOSITS. Upstream from the stove, always install shutters so as to disconnect it from the plumbing system should it be necessary to move it, or when it requires routine and/or special maintenance. Connect the stove using hoses so that the stove is not too strictly connected to the system, and to allow slight movements.

SUITE/CLUB/MUSA STOVES CONNECTION DIAGRAM FOR DOMESTIC WATER PRODUCTION

- A1 Heating water supply 3/4"M
- A2 Heating water return 3/4"M
- A3 System filling/Domestic cold water inlet
- A4 System outlet
- A5 Domestic hot water outlet

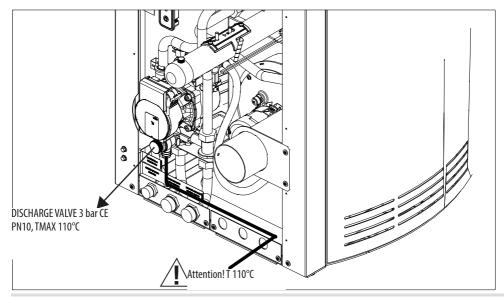


DISCHARGE VALVE 3 bar

The safety valve that can be inspected is found on the back of the stove, under the pump. It is MANDATORY to connect the safety drain to a rubber pipe that can withstand a temperature of 110° C (not supplied) and that reaches the outside for any water outlet.



The manufacturer of the appliance is not liable for any flooding caused by the safety valves being triggered if these have not been joined properly to the outside of the product and to a proper collection and evacuation system.



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CONNECTING THE SYSTEM

Make the connections to the corresponding fittings shown in the diagram on the previous page. Make sure the pipes are not placed under tension or undersized.



IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED TO WASH THE ENTIRE SYSTEM BEFORE CONNECTING THE STOVE IN ORDER TO GET RID OF RESIDUES AND DEPOSITS.

Upstream from the stove, always install shutters so as to disconnect it from the plumbing system should it be necessary to move it, or when it requires routine and/or special maintenance. Connect the stove using hoses so that the stove is not too strictly connected to the system, and to allow slight movements.

The pressure discharge valve (C) is always connected to a water drain pipe. The pipe must be adequate to support the water's high temperature and pressure.

CLEANING THE SYSTEM

It is mandatory for the connections to be easy to disconnect by way of unions with rotating connection.

Install suitable shutters to cut off the tubes from the heating system. Assembling the safety valve on the system is compulsory.

In order to protect the heating system from damage caused by corrosion, incrustation or deposit build-up, it is important to clean the appliance before installation, using suitable products, in compliance with Standard UNI 8065 (water treatment of thermal plants for civil use).

The use of FERNOX PROTECTOR F1 (available at our authorised centres) product is recommended, this provides long term protection against corrosion and calcium build-up for heating systems. It prevents the corrosion of the metal parts of the appliance, i.e. the ferrous metals, copper and copper and aluminium alloys. It also reduces the noise produced by the boiler. Refer to the instructions on the product. Cleaning should be performed by a qualified technician.

We also recommend the use of FERNOX CLEANER F3 and LEAK SEALER F4, always available from our authorised distribution centres.

FERNOX F3 is a neutral product for rapid and efficient cleaning of heating appliances. It has been designed to eliminate residues, oily deposits and incrustations from existing appliances of all ages. It can help restore the heating efficiency of the boiler and reduce the noise it generates.

FERNOX F4 is intended to be used with all heating appliances to seal micro fractures that cause small and inaccessible leaks.

FILLING THE SYSTEM

To fill the system, the stove can be equipped with an end piece (optional) with a non-return valve (D) for manual filling of the heating system (if the optional is not installed, the filling tap on the main boiler will be used). During this operation, any air in the system is released from the automatic vent valve located under the top.

To ensure the valve vents, it is advisable to loosen the grey cap one turn and leave the red cap blocked (see figure). Set the filling pressure of the system WHEN COLD to 1 bar (100 kPa). During operation, if the system pressure drops (due to evaporation of dissolved gases in the water) to values lower than the minimum indicated above, the user must use the filling tap to bring the pressure back up to its normal pressure.

To ensure correct stove operation, the maximum pressure in the system WHEN HOT must not exceed 1.5 bar (150 kPa).

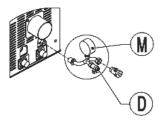


Fit the system with a 2 bar safety valve connected to an accessible outlet.

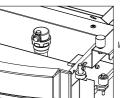
To monitor the system pressure, the terminal (optional) is equipped with a manometer (M). Upon completion of this operation, always close the tap.



It is normal to hear noises and gurgling until all the air in the system is released.



END PIECE WITH A FILLING TAP (D) AND PRESSURE GAUGE (M) (ACCESSORY)



VENT VALVE UNDER THE TOP

WATER CHARACTERISTICS

The characteristics of the water used to fill the system are very important to prevent the build-up of mineral salts and the formation of incrustations along the pipes, in the boiler and in the heat exchangers.

Therefore, please GET YOUR PLUMBER'S ADVICE CONCERNING:

- Hardness of water circulating in the system, to prevent problems of incrustation and limescale, especially in the domestic water heat exchanger. (> 25° French).
- Installation of a water softener (if water hardness exceeds 25° French).
- Filling the system with treated water (demineralised).
- Possibly providing an anti-condensation circuit.
- Installation of plumbing bumpers to prevent banging along the fittings and pipes.

If you have very extensive systems, with a large amount of water, or which require frequent refilling, the installation of water softening systems.



It should be remembered that incrustations drastically reduce performance due to low thermal conductivity.

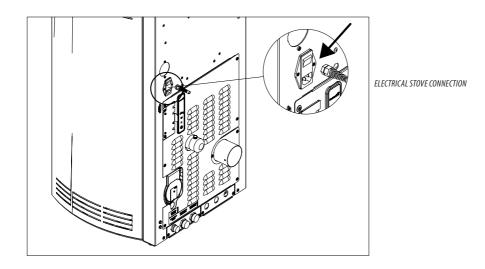
10-ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

First connect the power cable to the back of the stove and then to a wall socket. The main switch must only be activated to switch the stove on; otherwise, it is advisable to keep it switched off.



It is recommended to disconnect the power cable when the stove is not used.



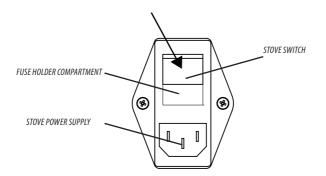
STOVE POWER SUPPLY

After connecting the power cable to the back of the stove, turn the switch at the back to position (I).

The luminous switch button will light up.

The switch on the back of the stove is used to power the system.

On the rear of the stove there is a fuse holding compartment which is located underneath the supply socket. Use a screwdriver to open the fuse-holder compartment and if necessary replace them (3.15 A delayed)





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